Bainbridge Business Connection Presentation, 29 July 2011

"Independent Contractors vs. Employees"

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Why is it important: Government is looking for tax dollars

- New focus by the State of Washington in 2009, nearly \$4 billion was paid out in unemployment claims. That's up from \$1.2 billion in 2008 and \$725 million in 2007. Cash strapped, the Employment Security is adding new investigators to search out sources for tax revenues.
- New focus by the federal government agencies have been allocated money to look for misclassified employees and misclassified contractors. EEOC, DOL and IRS are all hiring hundreds of new investigators.

Why is it confusing?

- State has a 6 part test to distinguish between the two categories of "independent contractor" or "employee."
- IRS has a 20 part test.
- You don't always have to meet each part of the IRS test.

State test:

- Free from direction and control
- Service outside the course of business
- Customarily engaged in their own business to provide the service
- Meets IRS test
- Has a UBI number
- Maintains own financial books with income/expenses

Federal test: See handout ("Independent Contractors IRS Common Law Factors").

What are the consequences to a business if they fail the tests?

- Must pay back taxes
- Penalties are typically what you would have paid times 3
- Potential lawsuits from contractors or employees

Washington Publication: Washington L&I, http://www.lni.wa.gov/IPUB/101-063-000.pdf

<u>NOTES</u>: Employment law is not clear-cut and changes constantly. "Independent Contractor" – what it is "depends" – it's got to pass the "giggle test" to see if it flies. Another criteria: clarity; that is, avoid "mushiness" between the line of "employee" and "independent contractor."